

# PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drugs of Abuse Test System PACKAGE INSERT

### 1. INTENDED USE

The PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drugs of Abuse Test System consists of the PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Devices and the MEDTOXScan® Reader. The PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Devices are one-step immunochromatographic tests for the rapid, qualitative detection of one or more of the following in human urine: Amphetamine, Barbiturates, Benzodiazepines, Buprenorphine, Cocaine, Fentanyl, Methadone, Methamphetamine, Opiates, Oxycodone, Phencyclidine, Propoxyphene, THC (Cannabinoids) and Tricyclic Antidepressants or their metabolites. The PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Devices can only be used with the MEDTOXScan® Reader. The MEDTOXScan® Reader is an instrument used to interpret and report the results of the PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Devices. The PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Devices cannot be visually read.

The PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drugs of Abuse Test System is for *in vitro* diagnostic use and is intended for laboratory use only. It is not intended for use in point-of-care settings.

# The PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drugs of Abuse Test System detects drug classes at the following cutoff concentrations:

AMP Amphetamine (d-Amphetamine)	500 ng/mL		100 ng/mL	
BAR Barbiturates (Butalbital)	200 ng/mL	OPI Opiates (Morphine)	or	
BZO Benzodiazepines (Nordiazepam)	150 ng/mL		2000 ng/mL	
BUP Buprenorphine (Buprenorphine)	10 ng/mL	OXY Oxycodone (Oxycodone)	100 ng/mL	
COC Cocaine (Benzoylecgonine)	150 ng/mL	PCP Phencyclidine (Phencyclidine)	25 ng/mL	
FEN Fentanyl (Fentanyl)	10 ng/mL	PPX Propoxyphene (Norpropoxyphene)	300 ng/mL	
MAMP Methamphetamine (d-Methamphetamine)	500 ng/mL	THC Cannabinoids (11-nor-9-carboxy-△ <sup>9</sup> -THC)	50 ng/mL	
MTD Methadone (Methadone)	200 ng/mL	TCA Tricyclic Antidepressants (Desipramine)	300 ng/mL	

Configurations of the PROFILE<sup>®</sup>-V MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Test Devices may consist of any combination of the above listed drug analytes. Test Devices will have an opiate cutoff of either 100 ng/mL or 2000 ng/mL. Refer to specific product labeling for the combination of drug tests included on that test device.

THE PROFILE<sup>®</sup>-V MEDTOX*Scan*<sup>®</sup> DRUGS OF ABUSE TEST SYSTEM PROVIDES ONLY A PRELIMINARY ANALYTICAL TEST RESULT. A MORE SPECIFIC ALTERNATE CHEMICAL METHOD MUST BE USED IN ORDER TO OBTAIN A CONFIRMED ANALYTICAL RESULT. GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY / MASS SPECTROMETRY (GC/MS), HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY (HPLC) OR LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY / TANDEM MASS SPECTROMETRY (LC/MS/MS) ARE THE PREFERRED CONFIRMATORY METHODS. CLINICAL CONSIDERATION AND PROFESSIONAL JUDGMENT SHOULD BE APPLIED TO ANY DRUG OF ABUSE TEST RESULT, PARTICULARLY WHEN PRELIMINARY POSITIVE RESULTS ARE OBTAINED.

The MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Reader includes a Positive QC Test Device, a Negative QC Test Device and a Cleaning Cassette. The MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Positive and Negative QC Test Devices are intended to detect errors associated with the MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Reader and a contaminated contact imaging sensor (CIS), and to verify that the CIS cleaning procedure using the MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Cleaning Cassette effectively removed any contamination.

# 2. SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION OF THE TEST

Qualitative PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Devices utilize a one-step, solid-phase immunoassay technology. The PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drugs of Abuse Test System includes the MEDTOXScan® Reader for a convenient automated result. This test system may be used to screen urine samples for one or more of the following drug classes prior to confirmatory testing:

The amphetamines are a group of drugs that are central nervous system stimulants. This group includes amphetamine and methamphetamine.

Amphetamine (d-amphetamine) is detected on the Test Device only at the (AMP) position, methamphetamine (MAMP) is detected at the (MAMP) position.

Barbiturates (BAR) are a group of structurally related prescription drugs that are used to reduce restlessness and emotional tension, induce sleep and to treat certain convulsive disorders.

Benzodiazepines (BZO), a group of structurally related central nervous system depressants, are primarily used to reduce anxiety and induce sleep.

Buprenorphine (BUP) is a potent analgesic often used in the treatment of opiate abusers.

Cocaine (COC) is a central nervous system stimulant. Its primary metabolite is benzoylecgonine.

Fentanyl (FEN) is a synthetic narcotic analgesic of high potency and short duration. Its primary metabolite is norfentanyl.

Methadone (MTD) is a synthetic opioid used clinically as a maintenance drug for opiate abusers and for pain management.

Opiates (OPI) are a class of natural and semi-synthetic sedative narcotic drugs that include morphine, codeine and heroin.

Oxycodone (OXY) (Oxycontin<sup>®</sup>, Percodan, Percocet) is a semi synthetic narcotic analgesic that is prescribed for moderately severe pain. It is available in both standard and sustained release oral formulations. Oxycodone is metabolized to Oxymorphone and Noroxycodone.

Phencyclidine (PCP) is a hallucinogenic drug.

Propoxyphene (PPX) is a narcotic analgesic. Its primary metabolite is norpropoxyphene.

Tricyclic Antidepressants (TCA) are a group of structurally related prescription drugs that are used to manage depression.

Marijuana (THC) is a hallucinogenic drug derived from the hemp plant. Marijuana contains a number of active ingredients collectively known as Cannabinoids.

Many factors influence the length of time required for drugs to be metabolized and excreted in the urine. A variety of factors influence the time period during which drug metabolites are detected in urine. These include the rate of urine production, the volume of fluid consumption, the amount of drug taken, the urine pH, and the length of time over which drug was consumed. Drinking large volumes of liquid or using diuretics to increase urine volume will lower the drug concentration in the urine and may decrease the detection period. Lower detection levels may increase the detection time window.

Although the detection period for these drugs varies widely depending upon the compound taken, dose and route of administration and individual rates of metabolism, some general times have been established and are listed below.<sup>1-7</sup>

Drug	Detection Period
Amphetamine	
Acid Conditions	1-3 days
Alkaline Condition	3-10 days
Barbiturates	
Short-Acting	Up to 6 days
Long-Acting	Up to 16 days
Benzodiazepines	1-12 days
Buprenorphine	up to 3 days
Cooping motobalita	Up to 5 days
Cocalite metabolite	1 to 3 days typical
Fentanyl	1-2 days
Methadone	1-3 days
Methamphetamine	
Acid Conditions	1-3 days
Alkaline Conditions	3-10 days

Drug	Detection Period
Opiates	
Heroin	1 day
Morphine	1-3 days
Codeine	1-3 days
Oxycodone	1-3 days
PCP	
Single Use	1-8 days
Chronic Use	Up to 4 weeks
Propoxyphene	Up to 1 week
THC	
Single Use	1-7 days
Chronic Use	Less than 30 days typical
Tricyclic Antidepressants	1-7 days

# 3. PRINCIPLES OF THE PROCEDURE

The PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drugs of Abuse Test System includes the one-step, competitive, membrane-based immunochromatographic PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Device and the MEDTOXScan® Reader, which interprets and reports the test results automatically. A single urine sample can be evaluated for the presence of each of the classes of drugs specified in a single PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Device. The PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Device includes antibody-colloidal gold, drug-conjugates and a control line.

ANTIBODY-COLLOIDAL GOLD Mouse monoclonal antibodies were developed that bind specifically to the drug class being tested. The individual monoclonal antibodies were adsorbed to colloidal gold and dried onto the test device.

**DRUG-CONJUGATES** Drugs from each class to be tested were individually conjugated to bovine serum albumin (BSA) or IgG. Each drug conjugate is immobilized on a test line at a designated position on the membrane strip.

**CONTROL LINE** Each test strip has anti-mouse antibody immobilized at the Control position of the membrane strip. The anti-mouse antibody will bind excess antibody-colloidal gold, indicating that the reagents are working properly.

When the urine sample is placed in the sample well of a test strip, the dried antibody-colloidal gold on the sample pad dissolves and the urine wicks up the white strips carrying the reddish-purple antibody-colloidal gold with it. The PROFILE®-V MEDTOX*Scan*® Drugs of Abuse Test System will detect specific classes of drugs in urine because drug(s) in the urine and the drug(s) conjugated to the protein compete to bind to the antibody-colloidal gold. A test line will form when drug in the sample is below the detection threshold (negative result).

The MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Reader scans the test device and utilizes a contact imaging sensor (CIS) to capture relative line intensities. Software algorithms and barcodes are used to identify the test device, the drug tests associated with the test device and whether the presence or absence of a line is associated with a negative or positive result, respectively. The results of the scans are displayed on the MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Reader screen or, optionally, can be printed.

### **Negative Samples**

When no drug(s) is present in the urine sample, the reddish purple antibody-colloidal gold solutions migrate along the strip and bind to the respective drug conjugate(s) immobilized on the membrane. Each strip has up to 4 drug test lines. The binding of the antibody-colloidal gold to the drug conjugate generates a line at the corresponding test position on the strip. The MEDTOX*Scan*<sup>®</sup> Reader will scan each test position and if a line is detected it will return "NEG" on the display screen (or print out) next to the abbreviation for the drug test, indicating a negative result.

# **Positive Samples**

When drug(s) is present in the urine sample the antibody-colloidal gold binds to the drug(s) before it migrates along the strip. When the antibodycolloidal gold binds to the drug(s) in the urine, it cannot bind to the drug conjugate immobilized on the membrane and no line is generated at the drugspecific position in the result window. The MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Reader will scan each test position and if no line is detected it will return "POS" on the display screen (or print out) next to the abbreviation for the drug test, indicating a preliminary positive result.

### Control Line (Valid or Invalid results)

Each test strip has an internal procedural control. A line must form at the Control position in the result window to indicate that sufficient sample was applied and that the reagents are migrating properly. If a Control line does not form, the test is invalid. The MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Reader scans each control line and returns "VALID" to the right of the drug test result to confirm that the control line was detected. If no control line is detected it will return "INVALID" on the display screen (or print out) next to the abbreviation for the invalid drug test, and no result will be given for that drug test.

# 4. SAMPLE COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

The urine sample should be collected in a clean, dry container. Approximately 75  $\mu$ L is required for each sample well. Collection of 30 mL of urine is more than sufficient for initial and subsequent testing. No preservatives should be added. Urine may be tested immediately following collection. If it is necessary to store the urine, store under refrigeration at 2 to 8°C (36 to 46° F) for no more than two days. Urine may be frozen at -20°C (-4° F) or colder for storage. Stored urine must be brought to ambient temperature (18 to 25°C/64 to 77°F) and mixed well to assure a homogeneous sample prior to testing.

### 5. PRECAUTIONS

- The PROFILE<sup>®</sup>-V MEDTOX Scan<sup>®</sup> Drugs of Abuse Test System is for in vitro diagnostic use only.
- Do not use PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Devices after the expiration date printed on the package label.
- The PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Device should remain in its original sealed foil pouch until ready to use. If the pouch is damaged, do not use the test.
- If PROFILE<sup>®</sup>-V MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Test Devices have been stored refrigerated, bring to ambient temperature (18-25°C/ 64-77°F) prior to opening foil pouch.
- Do not store the test kit at temperatures above 25°C (77°F). Do not freeze.
- Avoid cross-contamination of urine samples by using a new urine specimen container and a fresh pipette tip for each urine sample. Avoid polystyrene containers. Do not use preservatives.
- Do not touch test strips in large viewing window of the PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Device.
- Do not use PROFILE<sup>®</sup>-V MEDTOX Scan<sup>®</sup> Test Device if strips are damaged or dirty.
- Do not apply labels or tape to the PROFILE<sup>®</sup>-V MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Test Device.
- Do not write outside of the ID area on the left side of the PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Device top.

- Urine specimens and all materials coming in contact with them should be handled and disposed of as if infectious and capable of transmitting infection. Avoid contact with broken skin.
- Avoid contaminating the top of the test device with urine sample. Clean any urine off the top of the test device using a dry wipe to prevent contamination of the MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Reader sensor.

# 6. REAGENTS and MATERIALS PROVIDED/STORAGE CONDITIONS

The PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drugs of Abuse Test System kit contains PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Devices for use with the MEDTOXScan® Reader.

- Each test device has all the reagents necessary to test one urine sample for one or more drugs simultaneously on the MEDTOXScan® Reader.
- Each test device holds one or more test strips composed of a membrane strip coated with drug conjugate and a pad coated with antibodycolloidal gold in a protein matrix.
- Kit Contents
  - 1. Twenty-five (25) test devices in individual foil packages
- 2. Twenty-five (25) disposable pipette tips
- 3. One Quick Reference guide

# **Storage Conditions**

The kit, in its original packaging, should be stored at 2-25°C (36-77°F) until the expiration date on the label.

# MEDTOXScan® Reader Contents

- 1. Positive and Negative QC Test Devices
- 2. Cleaning Cassette
- 3. MiniPet pipettor
- 4. Quick Set Up guide
- 5. User Manual

# MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- 1. Urine specimen collection container
- 2. PROFILE®-V MEDTOX Scan® Positive or High Positive and MEDTOX Negative Control Solutions (external controls)

### OPTIONAL MATERIALS

- 1. Thermal Printer and Printer paper
- 2. Hand held Barcode Scanner

NOTE: Specimen containers and external control solutions are available from MEDTOX Diagnostics, Inc.

# 7. TEST PROCEDURE

- Open one pouch for each sample to be tested and mark the PROFILE<sup>®</sup>-V MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Test Device with the patient or sample identification (ID). Make sure you only mark along the left edge of the test device (labeled "ID ▷"). (You may notice a reddish-purple color in the sample well. This is normal, do not discard the test).
- 2. Dispense  $75\mu$ L of urine into sample well (indicated by  $\bigtriangledown$  on the test device).
  - Place a disposable yellow sample tip securely onto the end of the green (75µL) MiniPet<sup>™</sup>.
    - Grasp the MiniPet under its collar using the index and middle fingers. With the thumb, depress the plunger completely.
  - Holding the MiniPet vertically (straight up-down), lower the yellow tip no more than ¼" into the urine specimen.
  - With tip in the urine specimen **slowly** and **smoothly** release the plunger allowing it to rise completely.
  - Visually inspect the urine sample in the tip. Ensure there are **no air bubbles** and that **no excess urine** is on the outer surface of the tip.
  - Hold the pipette tip directly over sample well. Depress plunger <u>completely</u> to dispense the entire contents of urine into <u>one</u> sample well of the testing device.
- 3. Repeat Step 2 for all sample wells with a  $\nabla$  above them.
- 4. Place the test device in the MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Reader cassette drawer and close the drawer immediately. The MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Reader will read the barcode on the test device and determine its part number and test configuration. It will prompt the user to enter Lot#, User ID#, and Specimen ID#, which can all be entered using the MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Reader keypad or hand held barcode scanner. The MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Reader will begin timing the assay once it detects the barcode and results will be displayed after the scan and analysis are complete.
- Discard disposable yellow MiniPet sample tip. Store the MiniPet in a dry, secure location at room temperature (18 25 °C or 64 77 °F). Replace the MiniPet if it becomes damaged or does not function properly.

MiniPet<sup>™</sup> is a trademark of TriContinent Scientific, Inc.

### 8. READING AND INTERPRETATION OF THE TEST RESULTS

The MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Reader will automatically read the control and test lines at the correct positions and display the test results for each drug. Results may also be printed. The MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Reader displays the results as either "NEG" for a negative result, "POS" for a preliminary positive result, or "INVALID" for an invalid result. "VALID" will be displayed if valid results are obtained. PROFILE<sup>®</sup>-V MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Test Devices cannot be visually read.

- Valid: The control line must be present for the test to be valid.
- NEG: A NEGATIVE test result for a specific drug indicates that the sample does not contain the drug/drug metabolite above the cutoff level.
- POS: A preliminary POSITIVE test result for a specific drug indicates that the sample may contain drug/drug metabolite near or above the cutoff level. It does not indicate the level of intoxication or the specific concentration of drug in the urine sample. Positive samples should be sent to a reference laboratory for more definitive testing.
- Invalid: The control line must be present for the test to be valid. The absence of a control line indicates the test is invalid. The urine sample should be retested on a new test device.

Information regarding confirmatory testing may be obtained from www.medtoxdiagnostics.com or by contacting MEDTOX at 1-800-334-1116.

# 9. QUALITY CONTROL

The purpose of quality control is to ensure accuracy and reliability of results and to detect errors. MEDTOX recommends a Quality Control Program for monitoring the performance of the PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Devices and the MEDTOXScan® Reader that uses a combination of internal controls and external controls. Users should follow government regulations for the running of QC material.

Internal controls ensure that the test is working and that you are performing the test correctly. A control line (internal control) is included on each PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® test strip. Whether or not drug is present in the sample, a line must form at the Control position on the test strip to show that enough sample volume was used and that the reagents are migrating properly. If a Control line does not form, the test is invalid. The Control line consists of immobilized anti-mouse antibody that reacts with the antibody-colloidal gold as it passes this region of the membrane. Formation of a line detectable by the MEDTOXScan® Reader verifies the Control line antibody-antigen reaction occurred.

External controls are urine-based control materials that contain the drugs to be tested at concentrations above the cutoff (positive control) or contain no drug (negative control). Run external controls as if they were patient samples. Refer to the instructions that accompany the external controls. You should run external controls routinely or as needed for any of the following reasons: (1) to practice the test with a known control, (2) when you open a new lot of devices, (3) once a week, (4) if you suspect that the reader or test device is not working properly, (5) if you have had a repeated unexpected test result, or (6) if you suspect that the test devices have been stored improperly.

Should control results indicate a problem with the PROFILE<sup>®</sup>-V MEDTOX*Scan*<sup>®</sup> Drugs of Abuse Test System, please follow the instructions in the Troubleshooting Section below.

External quality control materials are available from MEDTOX. Contact MEDTOX at 1-800-334-1116 for further information.

# 10. LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

- The PROFILE<sup>®</sup>-V MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Drugs of Abuse Test System is only for use with unadulterated preservative free, human urine samples. Urine samples that are either extremely acidic (below pH 4.0) or basic (above pH 9.0) may produce erroneous results. If adulteration is suspected, obtain an additional specimen and re-test. Clear polystyrene containers may absorb some drugs; use of polypropylene containers is advised.
- 2. A presumptive positive result for any drug does not indicate the level of intoxication, administration route or concentration of that drug in the urine specimen.
- 3. A negative result may not necessarily indicate drug-free urine. Negative results can be obtained when drug is present but below the cut-off level of the test.
- 4. Place PROFILE<sup>®</sup> V MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Test Devices in MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Reader immediately after adding the sample. Once the test device has been read in the MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Reader, it must not be reinserted for a repeat reading, as the ten minute timing will begin again. If a repeat reading is required, rerun the sample on a fresh test cassette.
- 5. The PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drugs of Abuse Test System is not intended for use in point-of-care settings.
- 6. There is a possibility that other substances and/or factors, e.g. technical or procedural errors, may interfere with the test and cause false results.
- 7. Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectroscopy is the recommended confirmatory method for most drugs. HPLC or LC/MS/MS is the preferred confirmatory method for Tricyclic Antidepressants and Benzodiazepines. Any of the drugs being tested for in the PROFILE<sup>®</sup>-V MEDTOX*Scan*<sup>®</sup> Drugs of Abuse Test System may give a preliminary positive result if ingested at prescribed therapeutic doses.
- The PROFILE<sup>®</sup>-V MEDTOXScan<sup>®</sup> Drugs of Abuse Test System cannot distinguish between abused drugs and certain prescribed medications. A positive test may be obtained from certain foods or food supplements.
- 9. The PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Devices must be used only with the MEDTOXScan® Reader. They cannot be visually read.

# 11. PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

### Sensitivity

The PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drugs of Abuse Test System detects one or more of the following drugs at the cutoff levels listed below.

AMP	Amphetamine	500 ng/mL
BAR	Barbiturates (Butalbital)	200 ng/mL
BZO	Benzodiazepines (Nordiazepine)	150 ng/mL
BUP	Buprenorphine	10 ng/mL
COC	Benzoylecgonine	150 ng/mL
FEN	Fentanyl	10 ng/mL
MAMP	Methamphetamine	500 ng/mL
MTD	Methadone	200 ng/mL
OPI	Morphine	100 ng/mL
OPI2	Morphine	2000 ng/mL
OXY	Oxycodone	100 ng/mL
PCP	Phencyclidine	25 ng/mL
PPX	Propoxyphene (Norpropoxyphene)	300 ng/mL
THC	11-nor-9-carboxy-∆⁰-THC	50 ng/mL
TCA	Tricyclic Antidepressants (Desipramine)	300 ng/mL

# Accuracy

# Accuracy and Comparison to GC/MS or LC/MS/MS

The accuracy of the PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drugs of Abuse Test System was evaluated by assaying a panel of blind coded clinical urine samples containing varying concentrations of drugs and comparing to GC/MS or LC/MS/MS results. The samples were obtained from MEDTOX Laboratories and grouped in the following manner: Negative samples that screened negative by KIMS (Kinetic Interaction of Microparticles in Solution), and not confirmed by GC/MS; Below Cutoff Negative samples that fell between limit of detection or quantitation and 50% of cutoff; Near Cutoff Negative samples that fell between 50% of the cutoff concentration and the cutoff concentration; Near Cutoff Positive samples that fell between the cutoff concentration and 150% of the cutoff concentration; and High Positive samples that were greater than 150% of cutoff concentration. Drug concentrations were assayed by GC/MS or LC/MS/MS for BZO and TCA. Concentrations used to assign the cutoff ranges for each drug were determined by summing the GC/MS and LC/MS/MS levels measured for all test-specific analytes found in the sample. The testing was performed by in-house operators. The results were interpreted at ten (10) minutes by the MEDTOX*Scan*® Reader and are summarized for each drug in the table below.

# PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drugs of Abuse Test System Results vs. stratified GC/MS or LC/MS/MS Values

DRUG	P-V MEDTOX <i>Scan</i> Test System	No Drug	Low negative by GC/MS or LC/MS/MS (Less than -50%)	Near Cutoff Negative (between -50% and cutoff)	Near Cutoff Positive (Between cutoff and +50%)	High Positive (greater than +50%)	% Agreement.
AMP (500)	Positive	0	0	4	5	41	96%
Ami (000)	Negative	40	5	0	2	0	92%
BAR (200)	Positive	0	0	3	4	36	100%
BAR (200)	Negative	40	3	2	0	0	94%
BZO (150)	Positive	0	0	1	4	41	100%
B20 (130)	Negative	40	3	3	0	0	98%
BUD (10)	Positive	0	0	0	4	36	100%
BOI (10)	Negative	40	0	4	0	0	100%
COC (150)	Positive	0	0	2	4	52	97%
000 (130)	Negative	56	1	5	1	1	97%
EEN (10)	Positive	0	0	1	4	37	98%
	Negative	45	3	3	1	0	98%
mAMP	Positive	0	0	1	3	40	98%
(500)	Negative	40	4	3	1	0	98%
MTD (200)	Positive	0	0	2	3	40	98%
WITD (200)	Negative	40	4	2	1	0	96%
OBI (100)	Positive	0	0	3	5	44	100%
0F1(100)	Negative	46	2	2	0	0	94%
OBI (2000)	Positive	0	0	1	4	36	100%
OPI (2000)	Negative	40	4	3	0	0	98%
OXX (100)	Positive	0	0	0	3	36	98%
OXT (100)	Negative	40	3	4	1	0	100%
PCP (25)	Positive	0	0	3	10	30	100%
101 (23)	Negative	40	1	1	0	0	93%
DDX (200)	Positive	0	0	4	4	40	100%
FFX (300)	Negative	45	1	2	0	0	92%
TCA (200)	Positive	0	0	3	4	36	100%
TCA (300)	Negative	40	2	1	0	0	93%
	Positive	0	0	2	7	33	100%
	Negative	40	4	2	0	0	96%
	Positive	0	0	30	68	578	99%
All Drugs	Negative	632	44	37	7	1	96%

For samples giving preliminary positive results below the cutoff and negative results above the cutoff, the assayed values are detailed in the table below:

Cutoff	P-V				
Value	MEDTOXScan	GC/MS or LC/MS/MS Value			
(ng/mL)	Test System				
	AMP positive	Amphetamine at 277 ng/mL			
	AMP positive	Amphetamine at 352 ng/mL			
500	AMP positive	Amphetamine at 368 ng/mL			
000	AMP positive	Amphetamine at 463 ng/mL			
	AMP negative	Amphetamine at 504 ng/mL			
	AMP negative	Amphetamine at 667 ng/mL			
	BAR positive	Butalbital at 126 ng/mL			
200	BAR positive	Butalbital at 159 ng/mL			
	BAR positive	Butalbital at 184 ng/mL			
150	BZO positive	Alprazolam at 146 ng/mL			
	COC positive	Benzoylecgonine at 114 ng/mL			
150	COC positive	Benzoylecgonine at 121 ng/mL			
150	COC negative	Benzoylecgonine at 180 ng/mL			
	COC negative	Benzoylecgonine at 278 ng/mL			
10	FEN positive	Fentanyl at 1.5 ng/mL, Norfentanyl at 5.1 ng/mL			
10	FEN negative	Fentanyl at 2.7 ng/mL, Norfentanyl at 10.6 ng/mL			
500	mAMP positive	Methamphetamine at 483 ng/mL			
300	mAMP negative	Methamphetamine at 554 ng/mL			
	MTD positive	Methadone at 148 ng/mL			
200	MTD positive	Methadone at 176 ng/mL			
	MTD negative	Methadone at 250 ng/mL			
	OPI positive	Morphine at 51 ng/mL			
100	OPI positive	Morphine at 79 ng/mL			
	OPI positive	Morphine at 92 ng/mL			
2000	OPI positive	Morphine at 1375 ng/mL			
	PCP positive	Phencyclidine at 19 ng/mL			
25	PCP positive	Phencyclidine at 21 ng/mL			
	PCP positive	Phencyclidine at 24 ng/mL			
100	OXY negative	Oxycodone at 71 ng/mL, Oxymorphone at 31 ng/mL			
	PPX positive	Norpropoxyphene at 172 ng/mL			
200	PPX positive	Norpropoxyphene at 194 ng/mL			
300	PPX positive	Norpropoxyphene at 228 ng/mL			
	PPX positive	Norpropoxyphene at 271 ng/mL			
	TCA positive	Nortriptyline at 194 ng/mL			
300 TCA positive Nortriptyline at 217 ng/mL		Nortriptyline at 217 ng/mL			
	TCA positive	Desipramine at 287 ng/mL			
50	THC positive	11-nor-9-carboxy-∆ <sup>9</sup> -THC at 35 ng/mL			
50	THC positive	11-nor-9-carboxy-△ <sup>9</sup> -THC at 39 ng/mL			

# Sensitivity/Precision/ Distribution of Random Error

Performance of the PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drugs of Abuse Test System around the specific cutoff for each drug was evaluated by testing standard drug solutions diluted in drug-free urine in triplicate on 5 different intervals by 3 in-house operators using different readers (45 determinations for each level). Drug free urine was also tested on each interval. The results were interpreted at ten minutes by the MEDTOXScan® Reader and are summarized for each drug in the table below:

Sample					Sample				
Concentration	% of	Number of	# NI=	# D	Concentration	% of	Number of	# N	# D
	Cutoff	Observations	# Neg	# Pos	(ng/mL)	Cutoff	Observations	# Neg	# Pos
AIMP (500)	NEG	45	45	0	DAR (200)	NEG	15	45	0
100	20%	45	45	0	100	50%	45	45	0
250	50%	45	43	4	150	75%	45	40	13
230	30 %	45	41	4	150	10.50/	45	32	15
375	75%	45	3/	8	250	125%	45	0	45
625	125%	45	8	37	300	150%	45	0	45
750	150% 45 0 45								
BZO (150)				-	BUP (10)				
0	NEG	45	45	0	0	NEG	45	45	0
/5	50%	45	45	0	5	50%	45	45	0
112.5	75%	45	33	12	7.5	75%	45	30	15
187.5	125%	45	8	37	12.5	125%	45	0	45
225	150%	45	0	45	15	150%	45	0	45
COC (150)			1	-	FEN (10)				
0	NEG	45	45	0	0	NEG	45	45	0
75	50%	45	45	0	5	50%	45	45	0
112.5	75%	45	24	21	7.5	75%	45	42	3
187.5	125%	45	0	45	12.5	125%	45	10	35
225	150%	45	0	45	15	150%	45	1	44
mAMP (500)			1		MTD (200)				
0	NEG	45	45	0	0	NEG	45	45	0
100	20%	45	45	0	50	25%	45	45	0
250	50%	45	27	18	100	50%	45	34	11
375	75%	45	13	32	150	75%	45	8	37
625	125%	45	1	44	250	125%	45	0	45
/50	150%	45	2	43	300	150%	45	0	45
OPI (100)					OPI (2000)				
0	NEG	45	45	0	0	NEG	45	45	0
25	25%	45	45	0	1000	50%	45	45	0
50	50%	45	37	8	1500	75%	45	31	14
75	75%	45	4	41	2500	125%	45	0	45
125	125%	45	0	45	3000	150%	45	0	45
150	150%	45	0	45					
OXY (100)					PCP (25)	-		-	
0	NEG	45	45	0	0	NEG	45	45	0
25	25%	45	45	0	6.25	25%	45	45	0
50	50%	45	44	1	12.5	50%	45	31	14
75	75%	45	19	26	18.75	75%	45	1	44
125	125%	45	0	45	31.25	125%	45	0	45
150	150%	45	0	45	37.5	150%	45	0	45
PPX (300)					TCA (300)				
0	NEG	45	45	0	0	NEG	45	45	0
150	50%	45	45	0	150	50%	45	45	0
225	75%	45	31	14	225	75%	45	9	36
375	125%	45	2	43	375	125%	45	0	45
450	150%	45	0	45	450	150%	45	0	45
THC (50)									
0	NEG	45	45	0					
25	50%	45	45	0					
37.5	75%	45	39	6					
62.5	125%	45	0	45					
75	150%	45	0	45					

<u>Non Cross-reactive Endogenous Compounds</u> The PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drugs of Abuse Test System was evaluated for cross reactivity with fifteen endogenous compounds. The compounds were dissolved in appropriate solvents at a concentration of at least 1.0 mg/mL. Each compound was further diluted to 100 µg/mL except for albumin (20 mg/mL) and bilirubin (200 µg/mL). None of these compounds showed cross-reactivity at the referenced concentrations to any of the PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Devices.

> Acetaldehyde Acetone Albumin, Human Bilirubin Cholesterol

Creatinine Epinephrine β-Estradiol Estriol Glucose Std. Solution Hemoglobin, Human Sodium Chloride Tetrahydrocortisone d,1-Thyroxine Uric Acid

Unrelated Compounds. Prescription and Over-the-Counter Medications The following compounds were tested for reactivity to the PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drugs of Abuse Test System, except for the FEN test (see Related Compounds and Cross Reactants section). Listed compounds were dissolved in appropriate solvents and then added to drug-free urine for testing. Unless otherwise noted by a drug name abbreviation such as "AMP" or "BAR" etc., all of the listed compounds were negative in each of the tests at 100 µg/mL or the highest level tested. If a drug name is followed by an abbreviation such as "AMP" or "BAR" etc., allowed the "Related" of the tests at 100 µg/mL or the highest level tested. Compounds and Cross Reactants" listing for the drug in question under the appropriate heading (AMP, BAR, etc.) to find its level of cross-reactivity to that test

Acetaminophen Acetylsalicyclic Acid Allobarbital-BAR Alprazolam-BZO Alprazolam, 1-Hydroxy-BZO 7-Aminoclonazepam 7-Aminoflunitrazepam Amitriptyline-**TCA** Amobarbital-BAR Amoxapine Amoxicillin d-Amphetamine-AMP I- Amphetamine-AMP Ampicillin Apomorphine I-Ascorbic Acid Atomoxetine Atropine Sulfate Barbital-BAR Barbituric Acid Benzocaine (ethyl-4-aminobenzoate) Benzoic Acid Benzoylecgonine-COC Benzphetamine Benztropine Brompheniramine Buprenorphine-BUP Bupropion Butabarbital-**BAR** Butalbital-BAR Caffeine Cannabidiol Cannabinol Carbamazepine Carbamazepine- 10,11 epoxide Carisoprodol (Meprobamate) Cephalexin Chlordiazepoxide Chlorothiazide Chlorpheniramine Chlorpromazine Clobazam-BZO Clomipramine Clonazepam-BZO Clorazepate-BZC Clozapine-TCA Cocaine-COC Codeine-OPI, OXY Cotinine Cyclobenzaprine-**TCA** Cyclopentobarbital-BAR Desalkylflurazepam-BZO Desipramine-**TCA** Desmethylchlordiazepoxide-BZO Desmethylflunitrazepam-**BZO** Desmethylvenlafaxine Dextromethorphan Diacetylmorphine-**OPI** Diazepam-**BZO** Diclofenac Diethylpropion Digoxin Dihydrocodeine-OPI, OXY Diphenhydramine Diphenylhydantoin (Phenytoin)-BAR Domperidone Dopamine Doxepin-TCA Doxylamine Ecgonine Ecgonine Methyl Ester EDDP-(Primary metabolite of methadone) Efavirenz (Sustiva) EMDP-(Secondary metabolite of methadone)

Ephedrine-MAMP Erythromycin Ethanol Ethylmorphine-OPI, OXY Fenfluramine-MAMP, AMP Fenoprofen Fentanyl (Synthetic opiate)-**FEN** Flunitrazepam-**BZO** Fluoxetine (Prozac) Flurazepam Fluvoxamine Furosemide Glutethimide Haloperidol Hexobarbital Hydralazine Hydrocolorothiazide Hydrocodone-**OPI, OXY** Hydrocortisone Hydromorphone-OPI, OXY Hydroxybupropion I-11-Hydroxy-A9-THC 4-Hydroxyphencyclidine-PCP Hydroxyzine Ibuprofen Imipramine-TCA Ketamine Ketoprofen . Levorphanol-OPI Lidocaine Lithium carbonate Loperamide Lorazepam glucuronide-BZO Lorazepam-**BZO** Loxapine Lysergic Acid Lysergic Acid Diethylamide (LSD) Maprotiline-**TCA** MDA-AMP MDE (MDEA)-MAMP MDMÀ-MAMP Meperidine Mephobarbital Mepivacaine Mesoridazine Methadone-MTD d-Methamphetamine-MAMP I-Methamphetamine-MAMP Methaqualone Methcathinone Methocarbamol Methylphenidate Metoprolol . Midazolam-**BZO** Mirtazapine 6-Monoacetylmorphine-**OPI** Morphine-**OPI**, **OXY** Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide-OPI Morphine 6-β-D-Glucuronide-OPI, OXY Nalorphine-OPI Naloxone-OXY Naltrexone-OXY Naproxen Nicotine Nitrazepam-BZO 11-Nor-9-carboxy-∆9-THC -THC Norclomipramine Norcodeine-OPI, OXY Nordiazepam-BZO Nordoxepin-TCA Norlysergic Acid Normeperidine Norpropoxyphene-PPX I-Norpseudoephedrine Nortriptyline-TCA

Ofloxacin Olanzapine Orphenadrine Oxaprosin Oxazepam glucuronide-**BZO** Oxazepam-**BZO** Oxycodone-OXY Oxymetazoline Oxymorphone-**OXY** Penicillin G Pentazocine Pentobarbital-**BAR** Perphenazine-TCA Phencyclidine-PCP Phendimetrazine Phenethylamine Pheniramine Phenmetrazine Phenobarbital-BAR Phenothiazine Phentermine-AMP Phenylbutazone Phenylephrine-MAMP Phenylpropanolamine Piroxicam Prednisone Procainamide Procaine-MAMP Prochlorperazine-TCA Promazine-TCA Promethazine Propoxyphene-PPX Propranolol Protriptyline-TCA d-Pseudoephedrine Pyrilamine Quetiapine (Seroquel)-TCA Quinidine Ranitidine Riboflavin Salicylic Acid Secobarbital-BAR Sertraline (Zoloft) Sildenafil (Viagra) Sulfamethazine Sulindac Talbutal-BAR Temazepam glucuronide-BZO Temazepam-**BZO** Tetracycline ∆<sup>8</sup>-Tetrahydrocannabinol□  $\Delta^9$ -Tetrahydrocannabinol-THC Tetrahydrozoline Thebaine-OPI Theophyline Thiopental Thioridazine Thiothixene Tolmetin (Tolectin) Trazodone-FEN Triamterene Triazolam, 1-hydroxy-**BZO** Triazolam-**BZO** Trifluoperazine Trimethoprim Trimipramine-TCA Tripelennamine Tryptophan Tvramine Valproic Acid Venlafaxine Verapamil

# Related Compounds and Cross Reactants

The following metabolites and reacting compounds were evaluated for the specified test on the PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drugs of Abuse Test System. Reference standards for the various metabolites and compounds were prepared in negative urine samples. Results are expressed as the minimum concentration expected to produce a positive result in the indicated assay. Compounds that reacted with the test are listed first, and related compounds that did not react with the highest concentration tested are listed second as Negative at 100,000 ng/mL. "% Cross-Reactive" values were calculated from the cut-off level for the calibrator used for each test (approximate 50% positive rate) divided by the lowest reported level found to react in the same test (greater than 66% positive rate).

# Amphetamines (AMP) (d-Amphetamine) 500 ng/mL I-Amphetamine Fenfluramine

MDA Phentermine

### Ephedrine MDE (MDEA)

MDMA I-Methamphetamine d-Methamphetamine Phenethylamine Pseudoephedrine Tyramine

# Barbiturate (BAR) (Butalbital) 200 ng/mL

Allobarbital Amobarbital Barbital Butabarbital Cvclopentobarbital Diphenylhydantoin (Phenytoin) Pentobarbital Phenobarbital Secobarbital Talbutal

Barbituric Acid Glutethimide Hexobarbital Mephobarbital Thiopental

### Benzodiazepine (BZO) (Nordiazepam) 150ng/mL Alprazolam

Alprazolam, 1-OH Clobazam Clonazepam Clorazepate Desalkylflurazepam Desmethylchlordiazepoxide Desmethylflunitrazepam Diazepam Flunitrazepam 2-Hydroxyethylflurazepam Lorazepam Lorazepam glucuronide Midazolam Nitrazepam Oxazepam Oxazepam glucuronide Temazepam Temazepam glucuronide Triazolam Triazolam, 1-OH

7-Acetamidoclonazepam 7-Aminoclonazepam 7-Aminoflunitrazepam Chlordiazepoxide Flurazepam

### Buprenorphine (BUP) (Buprenorphine) 10ng/mL Buprenorphine-glucuronide Norbuprenorphine Norbuprenorphine-glucuronide

Codeine Diacetylmorphine Hydrocodone Hydromorphone Levorphanol 6-Monoacetylmorphine Morphine Naloxone Naltrexone Oxycodone Oxymorphone Thebaine

Cocaine (COC) (Benzoylecgonine) 150 ng/mL Cocaethylene (metabolite of cocaine and ethanol) Cocaine

Ecgonine Ecgonine Methyl Ester

# Result

Positive at 50,000 ng/mL Positive at 10,000 ng/mL Positive at 250 ng/mL Positive at 7,500 ng/mL

Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL

Result Positive at 250 ng/mL Positive at 800 ng/mL Positive at 2,500 ng/mL Positive at 400 ng/mL Positive at 250 ng/mL Positive at 2,000 ng/mL Positive at 300 ng/mL Positive at 1,250 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL

Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL

Result Positive at 100 ng/mL Positive at 25,000 ng/mL Positive at 75 ng/mL Positive at 900 ng/mL Positive at 200 ng/mL Positive at 600 ng/mL Positive at 1,000 ng/mL Positive at 75 ng/mL Positive at 75 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 10,000 ng/mL Positive at 1,200 ng/mL Positive at 1,000 ng/mL Positive at 5,000 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 200 ng/mL Positive at 2,500 ng/mL Positive at 90 ng/mL Positive at 750 ng/mL Positive at 750 ng/mL Positive at 10,000 ng/mL

Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL

# <u>Result</u>

Positive at 20 ng/mL Positive at 250 ng/mL Positive at 500 ng/mL

Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL

# Result

Positive at 750 ng/mL Positive at 250 ng/mL

Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL

# % Cross-Reactive

1% 5% 200% 7%

# % Cross-Reactive

80% 25% 8% 50% 80% 10% 67% 16% 400% 400%

None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected

% Cross-Reactive 150%

<1%

200%

17% 75% 25% 15% 200% 200% 300% 1.5% 13% 15% 3% 300% 75% 6% 167% 20% 20% 2% None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected

### % Cross-Reactive 50%

None Detected

20%

60%

None Detected

None Detected

4%

2%

# % Cross-Reactive

A set of Fernite and	Result	<u>% Cross-Reactive</u>
Acetyl Fentanyl	Positive at 75 ng/mL	13%
Butyryl Fentanyl	Positive at 25 ng/mL	29%
p-Fluorobutyryl Fentanyl	Positive at 50 ng/mL	20%
p-Fluorofentanyl	Positive at 15 ng/mL	67%
Furanyl Fentanyl	Positive at 75 ng/mL	13%
β-Hydroxythiofentanyl	Positive at 35 ng/mL	29%
3-Methylfentanyl	Positive at 750 ng/mL	1%
MI-45 Notestand	Positive at >100,000 ng/mL	<1%
Noreufentanii	Positive at 75 000 pg/mL	10%
Ocfentanii	Positive at 5,000 ng/mL	<1%
Remifentanil	Positive at >10.000 ng/mL	<1%
Risperidone	Positive at 7,500 ng/mL	<1%
Valeryl Fentanyl	Positive at 10,000 ng/mL	<1%
Alfantanil	Negative at 100 000 pg/ml	Name Detected
	Negative at 10,000 ng/mL	None Detected
	Negative at 10,000 ng/mL	None Detected
Norcarfentanil	Negative at 100,000 ng/ml	None Detected
Sufentanil	Negative at 10.000 ng/mL	None Detected
Trazodone*	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected*
*(Potential negative interference observed)		
Methamphetamine (mAMP) (d-Methamphetamine) 500 ng/mL	Result	<u>% Cross-Reactive</u>
1-(3-Chiorophenyi)piperazine (Trazadone metabolite)	Positive at 100,000 ng/mL	<1%
	Positive at 25,000 ng/mL	2%
Epnedrine	Positive at 2,500 ng/mL	20%
Fentiuramine	Positive at 50,000 ng/mL	1%
4-nydroxy-3-methyloxymethamphetamine (nimimA)	Positive at 50,000 hg/mL	1%
	Positive at 1,500 hg/mL	1 70
Monhantermine	Positive at 7,750 ng/ml	43 /6
I-Methamphetamine	Positive at 7,500 ng/mL	7%
Phenylenhrine	Positive at 25 000 ng/ml	2%
Procaine	Positive at 7.500 ng/mL	7%
Propylhexedrine (Benzedrex)	Positive at 50.000 ng/mL	1%
d-Ampnetamine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected
I-Ampnetamine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected
	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected
MDA Phenethylamine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected
Phontermine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected
Phenmetrazine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected
Pseudoephedrine	Negative at 100,000 ng/ml	None Detected
Tyramine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected
-		
Methadone (MTD) (Methadone) 200 ng/mL	<u>Result</u>	<u>% Cross-Reactive</u>
( ) + 3	Negative at 100 000 ng/ml	None Detected
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)	Negative at 100,000 hg/mL	None Detected
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement) EDDP (Primary metabolite)	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement) EDDP (Primary metabolite) EMDP (Secondary metabolite)	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement) EDDP (Primary metabolite) EMDP (Secondary metabolite) Opiates-(OPI) (Mombine) 100ng/ml	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement) EDDP (Primary metabolite) EMDP (Secondary metabolite) Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL Codeine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Result Positive at 50 ng/ml	None Detected None Detected <u>% Cross-Reactive</u> 200%
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement) EDDP (Primary metabolite) EMDP (Secondary metabolite) Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL Codeine DiacetvImorphine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Result Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected <u>% Cross-Reactive</u> 200% 200%
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI)   (Morphine)   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 75 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected <u>% Cross-Reactive</u> 200% 200% 133%
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI)   (Morphine)   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 75 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected <u>% Cross-Reactive</u> 200% 200% 133% 200%
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   DiacetyImorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Result   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 133% 200% 25%
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 800 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 133% 200% 25% 13%
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Levorphanol	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 75 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 20,00 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 2,500 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4%
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-Monoacetylmorphine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 2,500 ng/mL   Positive at 2,500 ng/mL   Positive at 3,50 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29%
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Levorphanol   6-Monoacetylmorphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 800 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 75 ng/mL   Positive at 75 ng/mL   Positive at 75 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133%
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   DiacetyImorphine   Dihydrocodeine   EthyImorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Go-MonoacetyImorphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Morphine 6-β-D-Glucuronide	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 800 ng/mL   Positive at 300 ng/mL   Positive at 300 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 500 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20%
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacety/Imorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Morphine 6-β-D-Glucuronide   Nalorphine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 800 ng/mL   Positive at 300 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 500 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1%
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EDDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-Monoacetylmorphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Nalorphine   Nalorphine   Nalorphine   Thebaine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 800 ng/mL   Positive at 2,500 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 10,000 ng/mL   Positive at 25 000 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 29% 133% 20% <1% 1%
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EDDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-Monoacetylmorphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Nalorphine   Nalorphine   Nalorphine   Nalorphine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 10,000 ng/mL   Positive at 25,000 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <13% 20% <1% 13%
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EDDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-Monoacetylmorphine   Morphine δ-β-D-Glucuronide   Morphine   Nalorphine   Norcodeine   Thebaine   Apomorphine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 300 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 25,000 ng/mL   Positive at 25,000 ng/mL   Positive at 20,000 ng/mL   Positive at 10,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 1% 1% None Detected
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-Monoacetylmorphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Morphine   Nalorphine   Norcodeine   Thebaine   Apomorphine   Naloxone	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 75 ng/mL   Positive at 500 ng/mL   Positive at 500 ng/mL   Positive at 500 ng/mL   Positive at 25,000 ng/mL   Positive at 25,000 ng/mL   Positive at 10,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 200% 25% 13% 2% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% <1% 1% <1% None Detected None Detected
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-Monoacetylmorphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Nalorphine   Nalorphine   Apomorphine   Apomorphine   Naloxone   Naltrexone	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 75 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 25,000 ng/mL   Positive at 25,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 200% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <13% 13% 20% <1% None Detected None Detected None Detected
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   DiacetyImorphine   Dihydrocodeine   EthyImorphine   Hydrocodone   Aborphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Norcodeine   Thebaine   Apomorphine   Nalcone   Naltrexone   Oxycodone	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 25,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 200% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   DiacetyImorphine   Dihydrocodeine   EthyImorphine   Hydrocodone   Norphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Norcodeine   Thebaine   Apomorphine   Nalcoone   Naltrexone   Oxycodone   Oxycodone   Oxymorphone	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 75 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 200% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacety/Imorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-Monoacety/Imorphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Nalorphine   Norcodeine   Thebaine   Apomorphine   Naltrexone   Oxycodone   Oxycodone   Oxymorphone   Opiates-(OPI2) (Morphine) 2000ng/ml	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 400 ng/mL Positive at 2,500 ng/mL Positive at 350 ng/mL Positive at 350 ng/mL Positive at 50,000 ng/mL Positive at 50,000 ng/mL Positive at 50,000 ng/mL Positive at 25,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 200% 25% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 1% 1% <1% None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-Monoacetylmorphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Nalorphine   Norcodeine   Thebaine   Apomorphine   Naltrexone   Oxycodone   Oxycodone   Oxycodone   Oxycodone   Oxymorphone   Diacetore   Codeine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 400 ng/mL Positive at 400 ng/mL Positive at 350 ng/mL Positive at 350 ng/mL Positive at 50,000 ng/mL Positive at 50,000 ng/mL Positive at 25,000 ng/mL Positive at 25,000 ng/mL Positive at 20,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 20% <1% 13% 20% <1% 13% 20% 4% 20% 20% 25% 13% 20% 25% 13% 20% 25% 13% 20% 20% 25% 13% 20% 25% 13% 20% 20% 25% 13% 20% 20% 25% 13% 20% 20% 25% 13% 20% 20% 25% 13% 20% 20% 25% 13% 20% 20% 25% 13% 20% 20% 20% 25% 13% 20% 20% 25% 13% 20% 20% 20% 25% 13% 20% 20% 20% 20% 25% 13% 20% 20% 20% 25% 13% 20% 20% 20% 20% 25% 13% 20% 20% 20% 20% 25% 13% 20% 20% 20% 20% 25% 13% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 25% 13% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EDDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-Monoacetylmorphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Morphine   Nalorphine   Nalorphine   Naloxone   Naltrexone   Oxycodone   Oxymorphone   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Naltrexone   Oxycodone   Oxymorphone   Diacetylmorphine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 75 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 10,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 20% <1% 13% 20% <1% 13% 20% 6 13% 20% 6 13% 13% 20% 6 13% 20% 6 13% 20% 6 13% 20% 22% 80%
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacety/morphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-Monoacety/morphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Morphine 6-β-D-Glucuronide   Nalorphine   Nalorphine   Naloxone   Naltrexone   Oxycodone   Oxymorphone   Opiates-(OPI2) (Morphine) 2000ng/mL   Codeine   Diacety/morphine   Diacetymorphine   Diacetylmorphine   Diacetylmo	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 75 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 500 ng/mL   Positive at 10,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 900 ng/mL   Positive at 2,500 ng/mL   Positive at 2,500 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 200% 25% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 1% 1% <1% None Detected None Detected
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-Monoacetylmorphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Norcodeine   Thebaine   Apomorphine   Nalcxone   Naltrexone   Oxycodone   Oxymorphone   Opiates-(OPI2) (Morphine) 2000ng/mL   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Diacetylmorphine   Diacetylmorphine   Diacetylmorphine   Diacetylmorphine   Diacetylmorphine   Diacetylmorphine   Diacetylmorphine   Ethylmorphine   Ethylmorphine   Ethylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 300 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 500 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 10,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 900 ng/mL   Positive at 2,500 ng/mL   Positive at 2,500 ng/mL   Positive at 2,500 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL   Positive at 600 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 200% 25% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 1% 1% <1% None Detected None Dete
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   DiacetyImorphine   Dihydrocodeine   EthyImorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-MonoacetyImorphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Nalorphine   Norcodeine   Thebaine   Apomorphine   Naltrexone   Oxycodone   Oxymorphone   Opiates-(OPI2) (Morphine) 2000ng/mL   Codeine   DiacetyImorphine   DiacetyImorphine   DiacetyImorphine   DiacetyImorphine   BiacetyImorphine   Hydrocodoine   EthyImorphine   Hydrocodoine   EthyImorphine   Hydrocodoine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 900 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL   Positive at 600 ng/mL   Positive at 600 ng/mL   Posit	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 200% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 1% 1% <1% None Detected None
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacety/Imorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-Monoacety/Imorphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Nalorphine   Norcodeine   Thebaine   Apomorphine   Naltrexone   Oxycodone   Oxymorphone <b>Opiates-(OPI2)</b> (Morphine) 2000ng/mL   Codeine   DiacetyImorphine   Hydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodeine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 50 ng/mL Positive at 400 ng/mL Positive at 400 ng/mL Positive at 350 ng/mL Positive at 350 ng/mL Positive at 350 ng/mL Positive at 50,000 ng/mL Positive at 50,000 ng/mL Positive at 50,000 ng/mL Positive at 25,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 3,000 ng/mL Positive at 2,500 ng/mL Positive at 3,800 ng/mL Positive at 3,800 ng/mL Positive at 1,900 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 20% 51% 20% 4% 20% 53% 333% 143% 105%
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-Monoacetylmorphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Morphine 6-β-D-Glucuronide   Nalorphine   Nalorophine   Nalorophine   Naloxone   Naltrexone   Oxycodone   Oxycodone   Oxymorphone   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Naltrexone   Oxycodone   Oxymorphone   Diacetylmorphine   Hydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Diacetylmorphine   Hydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Diacetylmorphine   Hydrocodoine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodoine   Hydro	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 75 ng/mL   Positive at 300 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 75 ng/mL   Positive at 75 ng/mL   Positive at 75 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 25,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 2,500 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL   Positive at 1,400 ng/mL   Positive at 1,400 ng/mL   Positive at 5,000 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% None Detected None Dete
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-Monoacetylmorphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Morphine 6-β-D-Glucuronide   Nalorphine   Nalorphine   Naloxone   Naltrexone   Oxycodone   Oxymorphone   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Diacetylmorphone   Ethylmorphine   Naltrexone   Oxycodone   Oxymorphone   Diacetylmorphine   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-Monoacetylmorphine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 75 ng/mL   Positive at 300 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 75 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 25,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 3,800 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL   Positive at 1,400 ng/mL   Positive at 1,400 ng/mL   Positive at 1,400 ng/mL   Positive at 1,400 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 25% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 1% 1% 51% None Detected None Detec
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   DiacetyImorphine   Dihydrocodeine   EthyImorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-MonoacetyImorphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Norcodeine   Thebaine   Apomorphine   Nalcrone   Oxycodone   Oxycodone   Oxycodone   DiacetyImorphine   DiacetyImorphine   DiacetyImorphine   DiacetyImorphine   DiacetyImorphine   DiacetyImorphine   DiacetyImorphine   DiacetyImorphine   DiacetyImorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Codeine   EthyImorphine   DiacetyImorphine   Bihydrocodoine	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 300 ng/mL   Positive at 300 ng/mL   Positive at 500 ng/mL   Positive at 10,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL   Positive at 1,400 ng/mL   Positive at 1,400 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL <td< td=""><td>None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 200% 25% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% &lt;1% 1% 1% &lt;1% None Detected None Detected None</td></td<>	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 200% 25% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 1% 1% <1% None Detected None
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   DiacetyImorphine   Dihydrocodeine   EthyImorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-MonoacetyImorphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Nalorphine   Norcodeine   Thebaine   Apomorphine   Nalcxone   Naltrexone   Oxycodone   Oxycodone   Oxycodone   Oxymorphone   EthyImorphine   Naltrexone   Oxycodone   Oxymorphone   DiacetyImorphine   Dihydrocodeine   EthyImorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-MonoacetyImorphine   Dihydrocodeine   EthyImorphine <td< td=""><td>Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 900 ng/mL   Positive at 2,500 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL   Positive at 1,400 ng/mL   Positive at 1,400 ng/mL   Positive at 1,000 ng/mL   Positive at 5,000 ng/mL   Positive at 5,000 ng/mL   Positive at 5,000 ng/mL</td><td>None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 200% 25% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% &lt;1% 1% &lt;1% None Detected None Det</td></td<>	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 900 ng/mL   Positive at 2,500 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL   Positive at 1,400 ng/mL   Positive at 1,400 ng/mL   Positive at 1,000 ng/mL   Positive at 5,000 ng/mL   Positive at 5,000 ng/mL   Positive at 5,000 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 200% 25% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 1% <1% None Detected None Det
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite)   EMDP (Secondary metabolite)   Opiates-(OPI) (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   DiacetyImorphine   Dihydrocodeine   EthyImorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydromorphone   Levorphanol   6-MonoacetyImorphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Nalorphine   Norcodeine   Thebaine   Apomorphine   Naltrexone   Oxycodone   Oxycodone   Oxycodone   Oxycodone   Oxymorphone   Codeine   DiacetyImorphine   Naltrexone   Oxycodone   Oxymorphone   DiacetyImorphine   Hydrocodeine   EthyImorphine   Hydrocodeine   EthyImorphine   Hydrocodeine   EthyImorphine   Hydrocodeine   EthyImorphine   Hydrocodeine   EthyImo	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 400 ng/mL   Positive at 300 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL   Positive at 1,900 ng/mL   Positive at 1,900 ng/mL   Positive at 1,900 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL   Positive at 3,000 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 20% 5% 22% None Detected None Detected Non
Buprenorphine (MTD Replacement)   EDDP (Primary metabolite) <b>Opiates-(OPI)</b> (Morphine) 100ng/mL   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Hydrocodeine   Evorphanol   6-Monoacetylmorphine   Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide   Malorphine   Norcodeine   Thebaine   Apomorphine   Naloxone   Naltrexone   Oxycodone   Oxymorphone <b>Opiates-(OPI2)</b> (Morphine) 2000ng/mL   Codeine   Diacetylmorphine   Dihydrocodeine   Ethylmorphine   Diydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocodone   Hydrocod	Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50 ng/mL   Positive at 300 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 75 ng/mL   Positive at 350 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 50,000 ng/mL   Positive at 25,000 ng/mL   Positive at 100,000 ng/mL   Negative at 100,000 ng/mL   Positive at 2,500 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL   Positive at 1,400 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL   Positive at 3,800 ng/mL   Positive at 4,000 ng/mL   Positive at 4,000 ng/mL	None Detected None Detected 200% 200% 133% 200% 25% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 4% 29% 133% 20% <1% 13% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% None Detected None Dete

Apomorphine Nalorphine Naloxone Naltrexone Oxycodone Oxymorphone

### Oxycodone (OXY) (Oxycodone) 100 ng/mL

- Codeine Dihydrocodeine Ethylmorphine Hydrocodone Hydromorphone Morphine Morphine 6-β-D-Glucuronide Naloxone Naltrexone Norcodeine Noroxycodone Oxymorphone
- Apomorphine Diacetylmorphine Levorphanol 6-MonoacetyImorphine Morphine 3-β-D-Glucuronide Nalorphine Thebaine

### Phencyclidine (PCP) (Phencyclidine) 25 ng/mL 3-Hydroxy-PCP 4-Hydroxyphencyclidine 3-Methoxy-PCP 4-Methoxy-PCP PCPr

### Propoxyphene-(PPX) (Norpropoxyphene) 300 ng/mL Propoxyphene

<u>Cannabinoids (THC)</u> (11-Nor-9-carboxy-∆9-THC) 50 ng/mL  $\Delta^9$  –Tetrahydrocannabinol

Cannabidiol Cannabinol I-11-Hydroxy-∆9-THC  $\Delta^8$  –Tetrahydrocannabinol

# Tricyclic Antidepressant-(TCA) (Desipramine) 300 ng/mL

Amitriptyline Clozapine Cyclobenzaprine Doxepin 10-hydroxy-Amitriptyline Imipramine Maprotiline Nordoxepin Nortriptyline Perphenazine Prochlorperazine Promazine Protriptyline Quetiapine (Seroquel) Trimipramine

Carbamazepine Carbamazepine-10, 11 epoxide Chlorpromazine Clomipramine Loxapine Mirtazapine Norclomipramine Olanzapine Phenothiazine Thiothixene

Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL

# <u>Result</u>

Positive at 5,000 ng/mL Positive at 25,000 ng/mL Positive at 7,500 ng/mL Positive at 50,000 ng/mL Positive at 50,000 ng/mL Positive at 25,000 ng/mL Positive at 100,000 ng/mL Positive at 25,000 ng/mL Positive at 50,000 ng/mL Positive at 100,000 ng/mL Positive at 5,000 ng/mL Positive at 250 ng/mL

Negative at 100.000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL

# <u>Result</u>

Positive at 15 ng/mL Positive at 7,500 ng/mL Positive at 25 ng/mL Positive at 20 ng/mL Positive at 7,500 ng/mL

Result Positive at 50 ng/mL

### Result Positive at 100,000 ng/mL

Negative at 100,000 ng/mL

Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL

<u>Result</u> Positive at 500 ng/mL Positive at 7,500 ng/mL Positive at 20,000 ng/mL Positive at 1,300 ng/mL Positive at 10,000 ng/mL Positive at 250 ng/mL Positive at 300 ng/mL Positive at 700 ng/mL Positive at 500 ng/mL Positive at 75,000 ng/mL Positive at 50,000 ng/mL Positive at 900 ng/mL Positive at 50,000 ng/mL Positive at 10,000 ng/mL Positive at 5,000 ng/mL

Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL Negative at 100,000 ng/mL

None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected

# % Cross-Reactive 2% <1% 1% <1% <1% <1% <1% <1% <1%

<1% 2% 40% None Detected None Detected

None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected

# % Cross-Reactive

167% <1% 100% 125% <1%

### % Cross-Reactive 600%

### % Cross-Reactive <1%

None Detected None Detected None Detected None Detected

# % Cross-Reactive

60% 4% 2% 23% 3% 120% 100% 43% 60% <1% <1% 33% <1% 3% 6%

None Detected None Detected

# Interference

### pH and Specific Gravity:

The PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drugs of Abuse Test System was assayed with three negative clinical samples with pH values of 4.0, 7.0 and 9.0 ± 0.1. Each sample was assayed in triplicate. The pH samples were fortified with drug concentrations that were the maximum level to give a strong negative (95% or greater negative) result (10-50% of cut-off, see Sensitivity data), and the minimum level above the cut-off to give a strong positive (95% or greater positive) result (125-150% of cut-off, see Sensitivity data). All three pH samples gave negative results when fortified to the maximum strong negative level for each drug, and all gave positive results when fortified to the minimum strong positive level for each drug

The PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drugs of Abuse Test System was assayed with three samples with specific gravity values of 1.003, 1.015 and 1.030 ± 0.001. Each sample was assayed in triplicate. The specific gravity samples were fortified with drug concentrations as described above for pH to give strong negative and strong positive results, except for FEN which required 200% of cut-off as the strong positive concentration. All three specific gravity samples gave negative results when fortified to the maximum strong negative level for each drug, and all gave positive results when fortified to the minimum strong positive level for each drug.

### Common Drugs:

Pollowing the study of M.L. Smith, et al.<sup>6</sup> drug free urine samples were spiked with drug concentrations that were the maximum level to give a strong negative (95% or greater negative) result (10-50% of cut-off, see Sensitivity data), and the minimum level above the cut-off to give a strong positive (95% or greater positive) result (125-150% of cut-off, see Sensitivity data). 100,000 ng/mL of the common drugs were then added to the preparation (95% of greater positive) result (125-150% of cut-on, see Gensitivity data). Too,ooo ngmit of the common categories and activity data and assayed by the PROFILE®-V MEDTOX*Scan*® Drugs of Abuse Test System. If a common compound name is followed by the abbreviation "COC", "BAR" or "OPI", or "OXY" it has cross-reactivity to the specified drug test (see "Related Compounds and Cross Reactants") and therefore was not assayed for interference for that drug test. Samples were evaluated in triplicate by in-house operators. None of the common drugs listed in the following table affected the expected results.

Common Drugs Evaluate	d with the PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drug	gs of	Abuse	e Test System	
					_

Acetylsalicylic Acid	Chlorpheniramine	Morphine - OPI, OXY
Acetaminophen	Cocaine - COC	Phenobarbital - BAR
Brompheniramine maleate	Dextromethorphan	Phenytoin (Diphenylhydantoin)-BAR
Caffeine	Doxylamine	d-Pseudoephedrine
Carbamazepine	Ibuprofen	Salicylic Acid

# **12. TROUBLESHOOTING**

Use the QC Test Devices provided with the MEDTOXScan® Reader to detect errors associated with the MEDTOXScan® Reader and a contaminated contact imaging sensor (CIS) and to verify that the CIS cleaning procedure using the MEDTOXScan® Cleaning Cassette effectively removed any contamination (dirt, dust or sample).

The QC Test Devices function as an optical performance system check for the MEDTOXScan® Reader only, not for the PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Drugs of Abuse Test System, and they are not intended to replace the need for the external controls. The QC Test Devices have been designed to simulate the end points that are generated in the PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Device when external positive and negative QC controls are run. The QC Test Devices consist of artificial control lines and test lines (negative) or artificial control lines and no test lines (positive) printed on a membrane and placed in the PROFILE®-V MEDTOXScan® Test Device plastic housing. The QC Test Devices are not intended to evaluate all components of the test system from specimen preparation through generation of results. They are intended to function as a troubleshooting device to determine that the reader optics are functioning correctly. You should run the QC Test Devices (1) if you suspect the MEDTOXScan® Reader is not functioning properly, or (2) if you suspect the CIS is dirty, or (3) if the MEDTOXScan® Reader has been dropped or damaged.

Consult the MEDTOXScan® Reader User Manual for details on troubleshooting, cleaning procedure and explanation of MEDTOXScan® Reader error messages. Contact MEDTOX Technical Support if you need any additional help at 1-877-643-5703.

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# 14. LIMITED EXPRESS WARRANTIES

The manufacturer makes no express warranty other than the diagnostic test kit will measure certain drugs and/or drug metabolites when used in accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions. The use of the kit for any other purpose is outside the intended use of this product. The manufacturer gives no express warranty as to what the legal or clinical significance is of the levels of drug(s)/drug metabolites detected by the PROFILE®-V MEDTOX Scan® Drugs of Abuse Test System. The manufacturer disclaims any and all implied warranties of merchantability, fitness for use or implied utility for any other purposes. Any and all damages for failure of the kit to perform to its instructions are limited to the replacement value of the kit.

Covered by one or more patents. Patents Pending. U.S. Patent Nos. 6,566,051, 6,376,251, 6,653,139

This product does not contain controlled substances. This product does not contain hazardous or toxic chemicals.

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